्रे नुकंपा के आधार पर ग्रुप सी में नियुक्ति की एकल योग्यता परीक्षा (लिखित परीक्षा) के लिए प्रश्न पत्र QUESTION PAPER FOR THE SINGLE SUITABILITY TEST (WRITTEN EXAMINITION) FOR APPOINTMENT ON COMPASSIONATE GROUNDS FOR GROUP "C" CATEGORIES.

समय /Time : 3 घंटे/Hours

उम्मीदवारों के लिए अन्देश/Instructions for candidates:

- उत्तर पुस्तिका के फ्लाई लिफ में निर्धारित कॉलम के अलावा उत्तर पुस्तिका के किसी भी भाग में अपना नाम या अन्य कोई चिन्ह लिखना सहत मना है.
 - Indicating the name or any other identity in the answer paper except in the columns provided on the flyleaf of the answer sheet is strictly PROHIBITED.
- प्रश्न पत्र अंग्रेजी और हिंदी में दिया गया है. यदि अंग्रेजी और हिंदी पाठ में कोई अंतर पाया जाता है तो अंग्रेजी पाठ को सही माना जाएगा.
 - The question paper is set in English and Hindi. If there is any discrepancy between English and Hindi version then the English version is considered correct
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के सामने आंबिटत अंक लिखा गया है.
 - The marks allotted to each question are mentioned against them
- 4) कैलक्यूलेटर, मोबाईल फोन आदि के उपयोग की अनुमति नहीं है. Use of calculator, mobile phone etc not permitted.
- 5) सामान्य अंग्रेजी प्रश्न का उत्तर अंग्रेजी में ही दें और सामान्य गणित और सामान्य ज्ञान प्रश्नों का उत्तर हिंदी या अंग्रेजी में लिखा जा सकता है. इन प्रश्नों का हिंदी पाठ संलग्न है.

Answer for question under General English to be written in English only and for the questions under General arithmetic and general Knowledge answer may be written in Hindi or English version and Hindi version of this question is attached.

<u>पार्ट-ए /PART-A</u> अंग्रेजी/ENGLISH

(30 अंकMarks)

I. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions (5x2= 10 Marks)

Have you ever walked through a cloud of gnats on a hot summer, only to have them follow you? No matter how you swat at them, or even if you run, they won't leave you alone. If so, then you have something in common with an atom. Atoms are the building blocks of molecules, which when combined, make up everything. From the smallest one-celled amoeba, to every person who has ever lived, to the largest and brightest stars in the sky, atoms are everywhere. Even way back in the time of ancient Greece, they wondered about atoms. That's where the word comes from, ancient Greece. The word A'tomos, when translated into English, means; something that cannot be divided any further. So what's an atom look like? Up until very recently no one could say one way or another. Technically we can't see individual atoms, since there are no microscopes powerful enough. Since technology improves all the time, it may not be long before we can actually see a whole atom through a special microscope. Even though scientists cannot see atoms with microscopes, they have developed ways to detect them and learn about them. Atoms are made up of three basic parts; protons, neutrons, and electrons. There is a core, or nucleus, and an electron cloud. The nucleus is made up of positively charged protons and neutral neutrons. The nucleus is held closely together by electromagnetic force. Protons and neutrons make up the nucleus of the atom. A cloud of electrons orbits the nucleus. The negatively charged electrons are bound to the nucleus, and zap around it in a cloud. Do you

remember the cloud of gnats? The gnats would be the electrons zipping around you, the nucleus. There are different ways atoms are classified. They can be classified into elements, like oxygen, carbon, or hydrogen. All of the elements known to man so far can be found on the periodic table. The number of protons an atom has decides the chemical element. The number of electrons defines the atom's chemical properties, like its melting temperature and boiling point. The study of atoms and tiny particles that are even smaller is called quantum mechanics. Scientists still have much to learn about atoms. Maybe you will enter the study of quantum mechanics and find a brand new element. Maybe they'll even name it after you!

1. What are atoms?

- a, tiny particles that make up all matter
- b. tiny particles that can only be seen with a microscope

- a. tiny particles that make up all matter
 b. tiny particles that can only be seen with a microscope
 c. tiny particles that look like gnats
 d. particles that are so large they cannot be seen
 2. What does the word A'tomos mean in ancient Greece?
 3What is quantum mechanics?
 4. If you wanted to find the chemical element of an atom, you would need to...
 a. know how many electrons it has
 b. know how many protons it has
 c. know its melting temperature
 d. see it with a microscope
 5. The author begins this article by comparing a cloud of gnats to an atom. In this scenario, what do the gnats represent? What does the person walking through the gnats represent?
 the correctly spelt words.. (5x1=5 3inMarks)
 (solve as per the direction given above)

 A. Friming

 D. Fryng

 (solve as per the direction given above)

 A. Dammage

 B. Damaige

 C. Dammege

 D. Damage

Il Find the correctly spelt words.. (5x1= 5 अंकMarks)

- (solve as per the <u>direction</u> given above)

- 2. (solve as per the <u>direction</u> given above)

<u>C.</u> Dammege

- D. Damage
- 3. (solve as per the <u>direction</u> given above)
 - Accomplish

Acomplush

<u>C.</u> Ackmplesh

- Accompalish
- (solve as per the direction given above)
 - **Puerrile** <u>A.</u>

Puerrille

Purrile <u>C.</u>

Puerile D.

`~	A.	Satelite	<u>B.</u>	Sattelite	
	<u>C.</u>	Satellite	<u>D.</u>	Sattellite	
III.	In the fo	ollowing questions choose the word	which	is the exact OPPOSITE of the given words (5x1= 5 अंकMarks)	
1.	INDISC	CREET			
	<u>A.</u>	Reliable	<u>B.</u>	Honest	
	<u>C.</u>	Prudent	<u>D.</u>	Stupid	
2.	FAMILI	AR			
	<u>A.</u>	Unpleasant	<u>B.</u>	Dangerous	ape
	<u>C.</u>	Friendly	<u>Đ.</u>	Strange	<u>a</u>
3.	TANGII	BLE			Ω ⊆
	<u>A.</u>	Ethereal	<u>B.</u>	Concrete	0
	<u>C.</u>	Actual	<u>D.</u>	Solid	Question
4.	LOVE				<u>ወ</u>
	<u>A.</u>	Villainy	<u>B.</u>	Hatred	3
	<u>C.</u>	Compulsion	<u>D.</u>	Force	U
5.	FAMOU	9S			Ŏ
	<u>A.</u>	Disgraced	<u>B.</u>	Unknown	DO N
	<u>C.</u>	Evil	<u>D.</u>	Popular	

IV Write an essay in English on any one of the following not less than 250 words.

(1x10= 10 Hammarks)

(a) MY HOBBY

5. (solve as per the direction given above)

(b) SAFETY OF WOMEN IN METRO CITIES

पार्ट-बी /PART-B सामान्य ज्ञान /GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

(40 अंक/ अंक/Marks)

l.सही उत्तर चुनिए/ choose correct answer:

(05 x 1 Mark = 05 Marks)

1

- 1. निम्न में से इंडिया का उच्चतम पराक्रम पुरूस्कार है Which is the highest gallantry award in India?
- A. परम विशिस्ट सेवा मैडल Param Vishishtat Seva Medal
- B. परम वीर चक्र /Param Vir Chakra
- c. कीर्ति चक्र /Kirti Chakra
- p. वीर चक्र/Vir Chakra
- 2. मंगलोर की संधि किसके बीच में हस्ताक्षरित हुई / The treaty of Mangalore was signed between/
 - A. इंग्लिश ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी और हैदर अली / the English East India Company and Haidar Ali
 - B. इंग्लिश ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी और टीपू सुलतान / the English East India Company and Tipu
 - C. हैदर अली और कालीकट का जमोरिन / Haidar Ali and the Zamorin of Calicut
 - D. फ्रेंच ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी और टीपू सुलतान / the French East India Company and Tipu Sultan
- 3. साहित्य का नोबल पुरुष्कार जितने वाला पहला इंडियन था /The first Indian to receive Noble Prize in Literature was
 - A. मदर टेरेसा /Mother Teresa
 - <u>B.</u> सी. वी.रमन/ C. V. Raman
 - <u>c.</u> रिबन्द्रनाय टैगोर/ Rabindranath Tagore
 - D. सरोजनी नायडू/Sarojini Naidu
- 4. सबसे ज्यादा वन क्षेत्र वाला राज्य है /The state having a largest area of forest cover in India is
 - A. अरूणाचल प्रदेश / Arunachal Pradesh/
 - B. हरियाणा / Haryana/

Model Question paper

- D. असम / Assam
- 5. अशोक चक्र पुरुष्कार किस के लिए दिया जाता है /'Ashoka Chakra' is awarded for
 - A. शत्रु के सामने पराक्रम के लिए /acts of gallantry in the presence of enemy
 - B. बाल पराक्रम के लिए /gallantry by children
 - C. साहित्य में उत्कृष्ट योगदान के लिए /outstanding contribution to literature
 - जल, थल और नभ में विशिष्ट बाहदुरी और स्वयं के बिलदान के लिए जो की शबु की अनुपस्तियं में किया गया हो ।

 D. the most conspicuous bravery or self sacrifice on land, air or sea but not in the presence of the enemy

ll. निम्नलिखित को जाडिए. Match the following

(1x5 अंक/Marks=05 अंक/Marks)

राज्य	का नाम/Name of state	पर्यटन स्थल /Tourist place		
1.	मध्य प्रदेश M.P/	A	ऐहोल/ Aihole/	
2.	राजस्थान/Rajasthan	В	मांडू/ Mandu/	
3.	केरल/ Kerala	С	पुष्कर / pushkar/	
4.	कर्नाटक/ Karnataka	D	अश्तामुदी/ Ashtamudi/	
5.	गुजरात /Gujrat	E	द्वारका/ Dwarka/	

III. निम्नलिखित मुक्त व्यापार क्षेत्रों का विस्तारित रूप लिखें/Expand the following:

(5x2 अंक/Marks = 10 अंक/Marks)

- (a) यु.पी.एस.सी./UPSC
- (b) सी.वी.सी./CVC
- (c) **ई.和/** EC
- (d) एस.एस.सी./ SSC
- (e) ऍन.एच.आर.सी. / NHRC
- IV. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं चार विषयों पर टिप्पणी कम से कम 75 शब्दों में लिखें./Write note on any TWO of the following in about 150 words: (2x10[अंक/Marks=20 अंक/Marks)
 - 1. कर्नाटक पर्यटन / KARNATKA TOURISM
 - 2. अरविन्द केजरीवाल/ ARVIND KEJRIWAAL
 - 3. दिल्ली विधानसभा चुनाव 2015/DELHI ASSEMBLY ELECTION 2015

<u>पार्ट-सी /PART-C</u> सामान्य गणित/GENERAL MATHEMATICS

(30 अंक/Marks)

- l. निम्नलिखित को हल करें. Solve the following : (5x2 अंक/Marks =10 अंक/Marks)
 - A. सबसे बेजोड़ संख्या ज्ञात कीजिये Find the odd man out. 3, 5, 11, 14, 17, 21
 - B. लापता संख्या ज्ञात कीजिये /Find the missing number/ 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, (...)
 - **C.** लापता संख्या ज्ञात कीजिये /Find the missing number/ (4, -8, 16, -32, 64, (....)
 - D. संख्या 36 व 84का महत्तमसमापवर्तक क्या है| ?/ Find the highest common factor of 36 and 84
 - E. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी सबसे बड़ी भिन्न है / Which of the following fraction is the larges 7/8,13/16,31/40,63/80
- II. निम्नलिखित 7 प्रश्नों में से किन्ही 5 को हल करें./Solve any 5 Questions out of following

(5x4 अंक/Marks =20 अंक/Marks)

- 1. एक आयताकार खेत के परिमाप और चौड़ाई का अनुपात 5 : 1 है। यदि खेत का क्षेत्रफल 216 वर्ग सेमी है |तो खेत की कुल लम्बाई कितनी होगी ? / The ratio between the perimeter and the breadth of rectangle is 5 : 1. If the area of the rectangle is 216 sq. cm, what is the length of the rectangle?
- 2. एक दुकानदार की 5 महीने की विक्री रु 6435, रु 6927, रु 6855, रु. 7230 और रु. 6562 कृमश: है । उसकी छटवे महीने की बिक्री कितनी होनी चाइस्ये जिससे उसकी ओसत विक्री 6500 हो जाये ?/ Agrocer has a sale of Rs. 6435, Rs. 6927, Rs. 6855, Rs. 7230 and Rs. 6562 for 5 consecutive months. How much sale must he have in the sixth month so that he gets an average sale of Rs. 6500?
- 3. पिता और पुत्र की वर्त्तमान आयु का योग 60 वर्ष है| छह साल पहले , पिता की आयु पुत्र की आय से 5 गुना थी/ छह साल बाद पुत्र की आयु क्या होगी ? / The sum of the present ages of a father arbhis son is 60 years. Six years ago, father's age was five times the age of the son. After 6 years, son's age will be:
- 4. रीना ने साधारण ब्याज पर 1200 रू का ऋण लिया ब्याज दर के बराबर वर्षों तक लिया ? लिया यदि ऋण अविध के अंत में उसने 432 रु ब्याज के रूप में दिए तो ब्याज दर ज्ञात कीजिये? Reena took a loan of Rs. 1200 with simple interest for as many years as the rate of interest. If she paid Rs. 432 as interest at the end of the loan period, what was the rate of interest?
- 5. यदि/lf a * b = 2a 4b + 2ab, तब/ then 4*3 + 3*4 = ?
- 6. A की आयु B कि आयु से दो वर्ष ज्यादा है जबकि B की आयु C की आयु से दो गुनी है। यदि A, B तीनों की आयु का जोड़ 27 है | तो B की आयु जात कीजिये । A is two years older than B who is twice as old as C. If the total of the ages of A, B and C be 27, the how old is B?

6